

# Hospitality Sector Report 2023 LRS Labour



## Contents

Introduction	. 2
The Sector	2
Financials	3
Revenue	3
Profit before Tax	7
Directors' Remuneration: a retrospective view	9
CEO Remuneration 2022	9

## Table of Figures

Figure 1 Hospitality Sector Revenue 2022	4
Figure 2 Hospitality Sector Revenue 2014 to 2022	5
Figure 3 Hospitality Sector Average Revenue 2012 to 2022	6
Figure 4 Hospitality Sector Profit before Tax 2022	7
Figure 5 Hospitality Sector PBT 2014 to 2022	3
Figure 6 Hospitality Sector Average PBT 2014 - 2022	9
Figure 7 Hospitality Sector CEO Remuneration 2011 to 202210	C
Figure 8 Hospitality Sector CEO remuneration 2022	1
Figure 9 Hospitality ED Average Remuneration 2017 - 202212	2
Figure 10 Hospitality NED Average Remuneration 2017 - 2022	2



## Introduction

There are three companies in the Hospitality sector that are represented in this report: City Lodge Hotels, Sun International, and Tsogo Sun Holdings. All three companies are listed under the Travel and Leisure sector of the JSE.

The data from the <u>MNC Database</u> of the LRS provides rich information that allows for a thorough review of the company performance over the years. Following this, the data allows for an assessment of the remuneration packages received by Executive and Non-executive directors in the sector.

# The Sector

South Africa, being one of the top tourist destinations in the African continent, has a Hospitality Sector that is very reliant of tourism. More than 10 million people visited South Africa in 2019<sup>1</sup> However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Hospitality sector faced severe economic impacts over the course of 2020 and 2021 with several hotels facing bankruptcy and permanent closure. As the government implemented extraordinary measures to contain the virus, such as travel restrictions and social distancing, the Hospitality industry was severely impacted. The financial implications are clearly visible in the 2020 and 2021 financial years.

However, in 2022, these extraordinary measures were lifted allowing the Tourism and Hospitality sector to begin its recovery. During this recovery period, the Hospitality sector experienced a general upward trend in performance and progress. <sup>2</sup> Over a million travellers passed through the South Africa ports this year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>https://www.mordorintelligence.com/industry-reports/hospitality-industry-in-south-africa</u>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.lrs.org.za/wp-content/uploads/2022/01/Hospitality-Sector-Report-2021.pdf

<sup>3</sup>, resulting in a total revenue of ZAR 5.6 billion (only 85% of the total revenue recorded in 2019) recorded in September <sup>4</sup>

The South African Hospitality sector is projected to have a value of USD 1.3 billion in 2023 and is anticipated to grow at a Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) of 4.43% over the following 5 years <sup>1</sup>.

## **Financials**

### Revenue

The above upward trend is evidenced in company financials for 2022. Although revenue dropped to its lowest in 2020, it is now on the rise. In 2022, average revenue of the three companies represented in the data increased by over 100% with Tsogo Sun Holdings having the largest increase.

The revenue of City Lodge more than doubled from ZAR 500 million in 2021 to ZAR 1.1 billion in 2022 <sup>5</sup>, Sun International reported a revenue increase of 35% for the 2022 financial year, and Tsogo sun reported the biggest increase of over 600% from 2021 to 2022.

Although these figures are still below pre-pandemic levels, it is important to note that these increases are seen as a sign of recovery from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> <u>https://www.news24.com/fin24/companies/city-lodge-doubles-revenue-occupancy-reached-56-this-month-20220921</u>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>https://www.researchandmarkets.com/reports/5529500/south-africa-hospitality-market-growth</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> <u>https://businesstech.co.za/news/lifestyle/644823/big-shift-hitting-restaurants-and-fast-food-in-south-africa/</u>

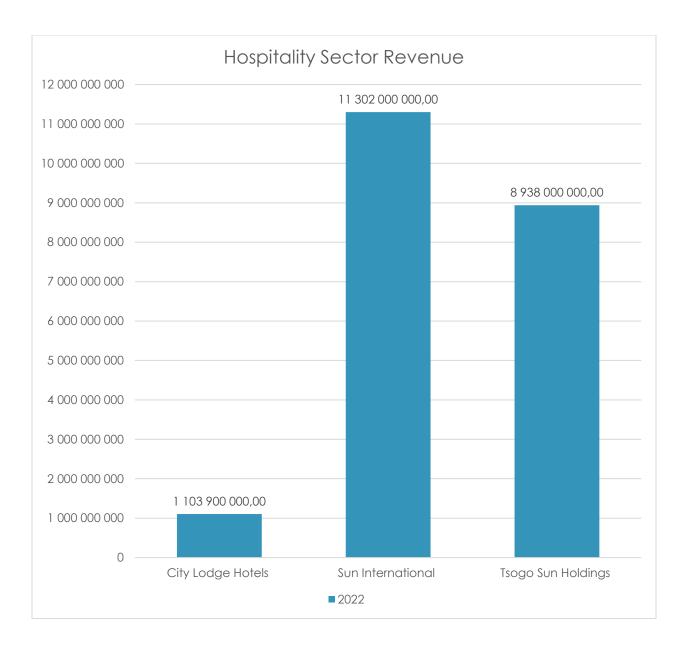


Figure 1 Hospitality Sector Revenue 2022



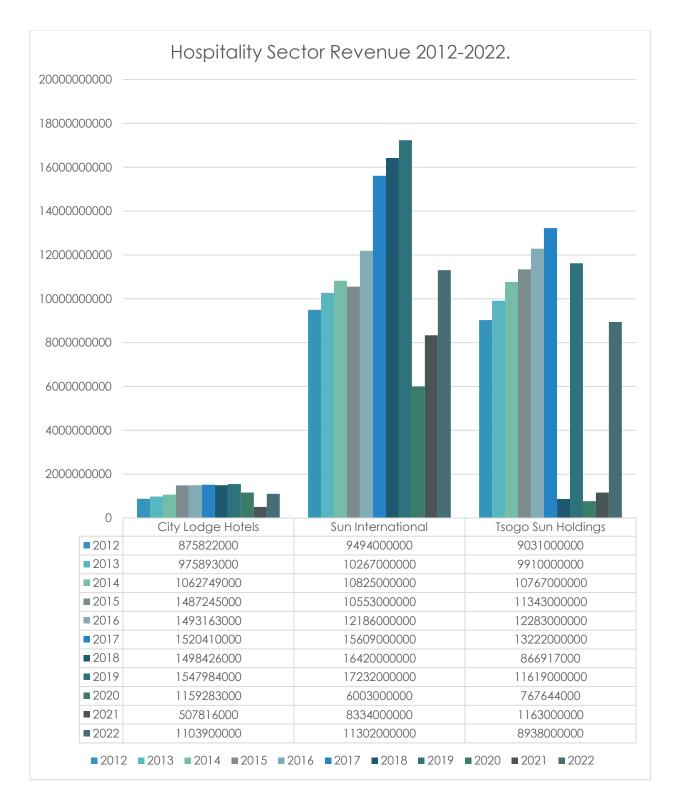


Figure 2 Hospitality Sector Revenue 2014 to 2022



Figure 3 Hospitality Sector Average Revenue 2012 to 2022

#### Profit before Tax

After reporting losses in both the 2020 and 2021 financial years, City Lodge Hotels and Tsogo Sun Holdings reported PBT for the 2022 financial year. From a loss of ZAR 900 million in 2021, City Lodge reported PBT of ZAR 83 million in 2022 and from a loss of ZAR 1.1 billion, Tsogo Sun Holdings reported a PBT of ZAR 1.9 billion in 2022. Sun International, being the only company that reported a PBT increase during 2021, reported a further increase of PBT in 2022.



Figure 4 Hospitality Sector Profit before Tax 2022

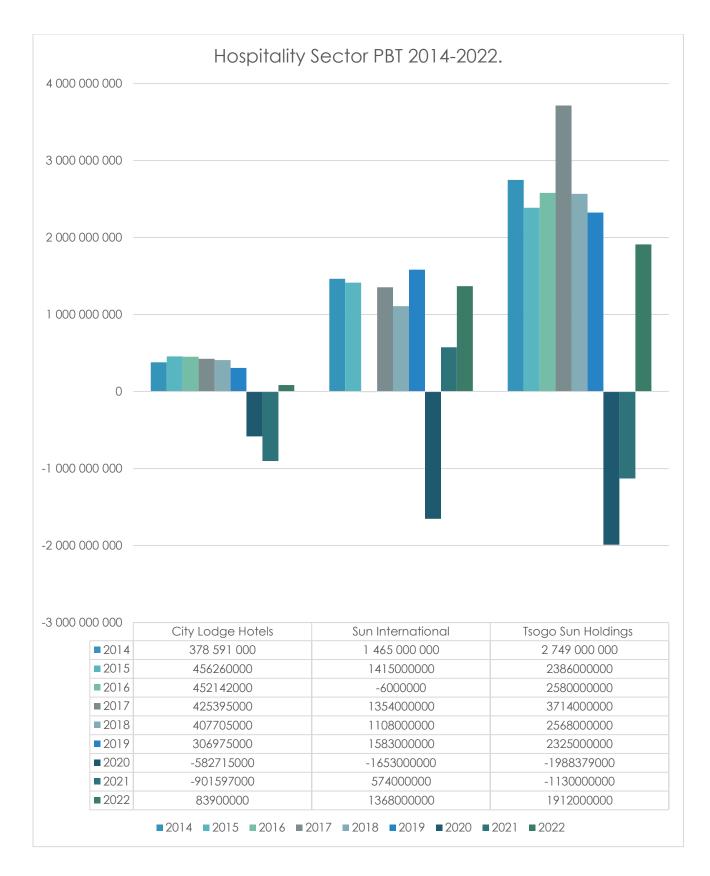


Figure 5 Hospitality Sector PBT 2014 to 2022



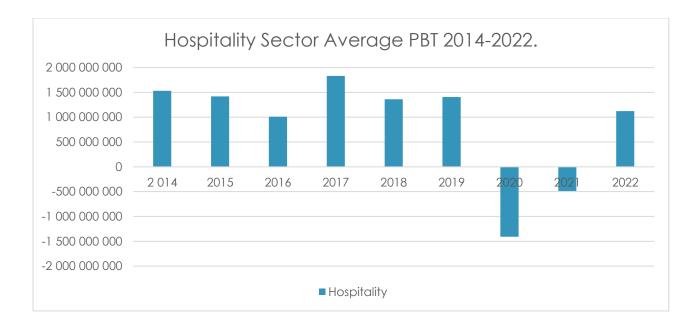


Figure 6 Hospitality Sector Average PBT 2014 - 2022

## **Directors' Remuneration**

#### **CEO Remuneration 2022**

The LRS MNC database allows us to look at CEO remuneration over the course of the last twelve years. In the Hospitality sector, and our sample specifically, the general trend in average CEO remuneration varies significantly from year to year. In 2020, CEO remuneration went down. Given the dire situation of the sector, this is reflective of the losses the companies were facing. Average CEO remuneration increased in 2021 and increased further in 2022.





#### Figure 7 Hospitality Sector CEO Remuneration 2011 to 2022

Andrew Widegger, the CEO of City Lodge received a remuneration package of ZAR 7 million in 2022. His total remuneration included a salary of ZAR 5 million, benefits of ZAR 32 thousand, and a cash bonus of ZAR 2 million.

Anthony Leeming, the CEO of Sun International received the largest remuneration package of ZAR 22 million in 2022. His total remuneration included a salary of ZAR 7.7 million, a cash bonus of ZAR 8.2 million, and a long tern incentive of ZAR 5.1 million.

The CEO of Tsogo Sun Holdings, Chris du Toit, received a remuneration package of ZAR 7.1 million. His total remuneration included a salary of ZAR 6.4 million, benefits of ZAR 100 thousand, and a cash bonus consisting of a prior short-term incentive settlement of ZAR 500 thousand.



In our sample, average executive remuneration went up by 27% and average non-executive director remuneration went down by 4% from 2021 to 2022.

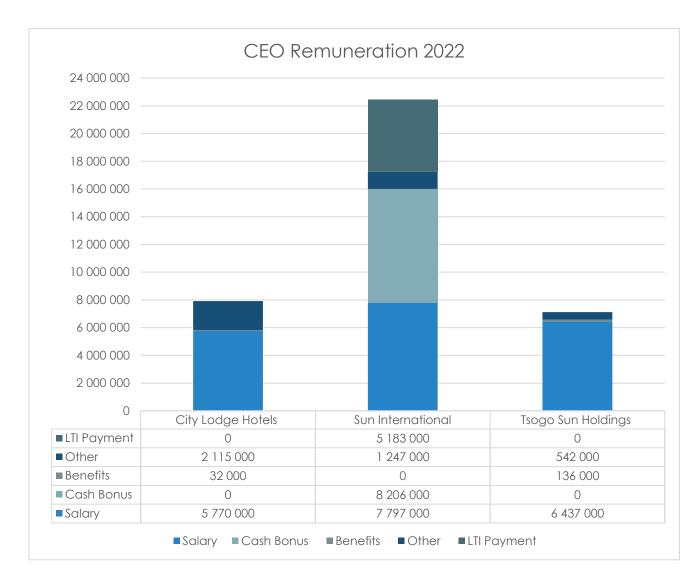


Figure 8 Hospitality Sector CEO remuneration 2022

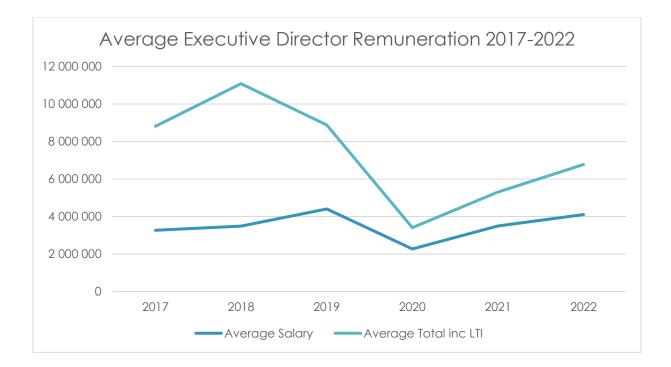


Figure 9 Hospitality ED Average Remuneration 2017 - 2022

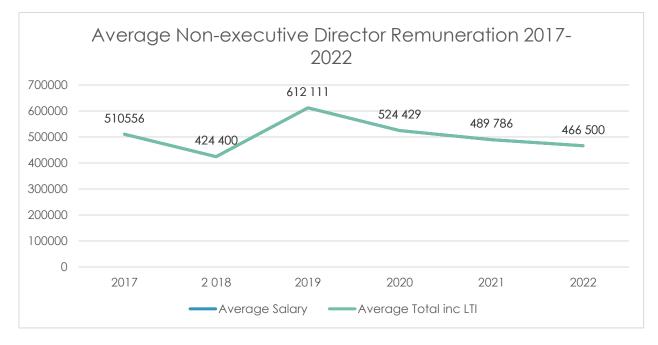


Figure 10 Hospitality NED Average Remuneration 2017 - 2022